## AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

Please AMEND claims 2 and 5 as follows.

A copy of all pending claims and a status of the claims is provided below.

1. (Original) A method for optimizing pricing and capacity for bandwidth management using a computer, comprising the steps of:

inputting a mean and a variance of real usage for each of a plurality of customer classes; inputting price and demand curve data which determines an arrival rate for each customer class;

inputting a number of existing customers in each customer class;

inputting a bandwidth wholesale cost;

generate a computer model for an optimization problem subject to a plurality of predetermined chance constraints;

solving said optimization problem using said computer to determine an amount of bandwidth to be purchased in a time period at a given price for an expected number of new customers in order to maximize profit; and

outputting said amount of bandwidth to be purchased and said expected number of new customers.

2. (Currently amended) A method for optimizing pricing and capacity for bandwidth management using a computer as recited in claim 1 wherein said plurality of predetermined chance constraints comprises:

$$b_{\tau} = b_{\tau-1} + a_{\tau}$$
  $(\tau = 1,...,T)$  (1)

$$L_{i\tau} \leq q_{i\tau} \leq U_{i\tau}$$
 (*i* = 1,..., *I*;  $\tau$  = 1,..., *T*) (2)

$$\sum_{i|\tau < d_{i}} [\lambda_{i\tau} \Delta \mu_{i}^{2} + (n_{i\tau} + \lambda_{i\tau} \Delta)^{2} \sigma_{i}^{2} + (n_{i\tau} + \lambda_{i\tau} \Delta)^{2} \mu_{i}^{2}]$$

$$+ \sum_{i|\tau \geq d_{i}} [\lambda_{i} D_{i} (\mu_{i}^{2} + \sigma_{i}^{2})] + (\lambda_{i} D_{i} \mu_{i})^{2}] - \delta_{\tau} b_{\tau}^{2} \leq 0 \quad \forall \tau$$
(3)

and said optimization problem comprises:

Maximize 
$$\sum_{i,\tau} q_{i\tau} \lambda_i(q_{i\tau}) - \sum_{\tau} C_{\tau} a_{\tau}$$
 (4)

wherein:

i = 1,..., I: customer class;

 $\tau = 1,..., T$ : time periods, each of length  $\Delta$ ;

 $\delta_{\tau}$  is tolerance on capacity violation in period  $\tau$ ;

 $C_{\tau}$  is cost per unit of buying new capacity in period  $\tau$ ;

 $d_{\tau}$  is duration of contractfor customer class i;

 $D_i$  is actual duration of contract  $(d_i\Delta)$  for customer class i;

 $n_{i\tau}$  is a number of existing contracts of type i still active at start of period  $\tau$ ;

 $L_{i\tau}$  is a lower bound on contract price;

 $U_{ir}$  is an upper bound on contract price;

 $b_{\tau}$  is bandwidth available in period  $\tau$ ,

 $a_{\tau}$  is bandwidth purchased by re-seller in period  $\tau$ ,

 $q_{i\tau}$  is price to new or renewing customers for a new standard length contract of type i in period  $\tau$ ; [[and]]

 $\lambda_i(q_{i\tau})$  is expected number of new customers of type *i* arriving in any period if a price for a contract is set at  $q_{i\tau}$ .

 $\forall \tau$  is an index of a discrete time interval;  $\mu i$  is mean time with customer class i; and  $\delta i$  is probability with customer class i.

- 3. (Original) A method for optimizing pricing and capacity for bandwidth management using a computer as recited in claim 1 wherein said computer solving and optimization problem is running a non-linear programming software.
- 4. (Original) A computer readable medium comprising software for causing a computer to execute steps for optimizing pricing and capacity for bandwidth management, comprising the steps of:

receiving a mean and a variance of real usage for each of a plurality of customer classes; receiving price and demand curve data which determines an arrival rate for each customer class;

receiving a number of existing customers in each customer class; receiving a bandwidth wholesale cost;

generating a computer model for an optimization problem subject to a plurality of predetermined chance constraints;

solving said optimization problem using said computer to determine an amount of bandwidth to be purchased in a time period at a given price for an expected number of new customers in order to maximize profit; and

outputting said amount of bandwidth to be purchased and said expected number of new customers.

5. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium comprising software for causing a computer to execute steps for optimizing pricing and capacity for bandwidth management as recited in claim 4 wherein said plurality of predetermined chance constraints comprises:

$$b_{\tau} = b_{\tau-1} + a_{\tau}$$
  $(\tau = 1,...,T)$  (1)

$$L_{i\tau} \leq q_{i\tau} \leq U_{i\tau}$$
 (*i* = 1,..., *I*;  $\tau$  = 1,..., *T*) (2)

$$\sum_{\substack{i|\tau < d_i}} [\lambda_{i\tau} \Delta \mu_i^2 + (n_{i\tau} + \lambda_{i\tau} \Delta)^2 \sigma_i^2 + (n_{i\tau} + \lambda_{i\tau} \Delta)^2 \mu_i^2]$$

$$+ \sum_{i|\tau \ge d_i} [\lambda_i D_i (\mu_i^2 + \sigma_i^2)] + (\lambda_i D_i \mu_i)^2] - \delta_{\tau} b_{\tau}^2 \le 0 \quad \forall \tau$$
 (3)

and said optimization problem comprises:

Maximize 
$$\sum_{i,\tau} q_{i\tau} \lambda_i(q_{i\tau}) - \sum_{\tau} C_{\tau} a_{\tau}$$
 (4)

wherein:

i = 1,..., I: customer class;

 $\tau = 1,..., T$ : time periods, each of length  $\Delta$ ;

 $\delta_{\tau}$  is tolerance on capacity violation in period  $\tau$ ;

 $C_{\tau}$  is cost per unit of buying new capacity in period  $\tau$ ;

 $d_{\tau}$  is duration of contractfor customer class i;

 $D_i$  is actual duration of contract  $(d_i\Delta)$  for customer class i;

 $n_{i\tau}$  is number of existing contracts of type i still active at start of period  $\tau$ ;

 $L_{ir}$  is a lower bound on contract price;

 $U_{ir}$  is an upper bound on contract price;

 $b_{\tau}$  is bandwidth available in period  $\tau$ ,

 $a_{\tau}$  is bandwidth purchased by re-seller in period  $\tau$ ,

 $q_{i\tau}$  is price to new or renewing customers for a new standard length contract of type i in period  $\tau$ ; [[and]]

 $\lambda_i(q_{i\tau})$  is expected number of new customers of type i arriving in any period if a price for a contract is set at  $q_{i\tau}$ 

∀τ is an index of a discrete time interval;

μi is mean time with customer class i; and

 $\delta i$  is probability with customer class i.

6. (Original) A computer readable medium comprising software for causing a computer to execute steps for optimizing pricing and capacity for bandwidth management as recited in claim 4 wherein said computer solving and optimization problem is running a non-linear programming software.